

1 10A NCAC 41A.106 is proposed for adoption as follows:

2 **10A NCAC 41A .0106 Reporting of Health Care-Associated Infections**

3 (a) The following definitions apply throughout this rule:

4 (1) “Hospital” means any facility designated as such in G.S. 131E-76(3).

5 (2) “National Healthcare Safety Network” is an internet-based surveillance system managed by the  
6 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. This system is designed to be used for the direct,  
7 standardized reporting of healthcare quality information, including health care-associated  
8 infections, by health care facilities to public health entities.

9 (3) “Health care-associated infection” means a localized or systemic condition resulting from an  
10 adverse reaction to the presence of an infectious agent(s) or its toxin(s) with no evidence that the  
11 infection was present or incubating at the time of admission to the health care setting.

12 (4) “Denominator or summary data” refers to referent or baseline data required to generate  
13 meaningful statistics for communicating health care-associated infection rates.

14 (5) “The Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services - Inpatient Prospective Payment System (CMS  
15 – IPPS) rules” are regulations promulgated for the disbursement of operating costs by the Centers  
16 for Medicare and Medicaid Services for acute care hospital stays under Medicare Part A based on  
17 prospectively set rates for care.

18 (b) Hospitals shall electronically report all health care-associated infections required by Paragraph (c) of this  
19 Rule through the National Healthcare Safety Network and shall make the data available to the Department.  
20 Hospitals also shall:

21 (1) Report all specified health care-associated infections within 30 days following the end of every  
22 calendar month during which the infection occurred;

23 (2) Report all required health care-associated infection denominator or summary data for healthcare-  
24 associated infections within 30 days following the end of every calendar month; and,

25 (3) Comply with all reporting requirements for general participation in the National Healthcare Safety  
26 Network.

27 (c) Except as provided in Rules of this section, hospitals shall report the healthcare-associated infections  
28 required by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services listed in the CMS-IPPS rules beginning on the  
29 dates specified therein. A summary of the HAI reporting requirements from current copy of the CMS-  
30 IPPS rules may be obtained through the CMS QualityNet site at  
31 [http://www.qualitynet.org/dcs/ContentServer?c=Page&pagename=QnetPublic%2FPage%2FQnetTier2&cid](http://www.qualitynet.org/dcs/ContentServer?c=Page&pagename=QnetPublic%2FPage%2FQnetTier2&cid=1228760487021)  
32 =1228760487021 The CMS IPPS rules themselves can be obtained from the CMS IPPS website at  
33 <http://www.cms.gov/AcuteInpatientPPS/IPPS2011/list.asp#TopOfPage> and  
34 <http://www.cms.gov/AcuteInpatientPPS/FR2012/list.asp#TopOfPage>. A copy of the current CMS-IPPS  
35 rules, applicable to this section, is available for inspection in the Division of Public Health, 225 N.  
36 McDowell Street, Raleigh NC 27601.

- 1 (d) Beginning October 1, 2012 and quarterly thereafter, the Department shall release reports to the public on
- 2 health care-associated infection(s) in North Carolina.
- 3 *History Note: Authority G.S. 130A-150.*